

presents

Black Violin

Study Guide Materials Provided by

Black Violin

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Introduction

Dear Teachers,

The Children's Education Program strives to bring the best of the performing arts to Bass Performance Hall. This season, we invite you to step into Black Violin's Full Circle Tour, where Grammy®-nominated duo Wil Baptiste and Kev Marcus redefine the possibilities of music by merging classical depth with hip-hop's pulse.

From high school orchestra classmates to groundbreaking artists, Black Violin's path reflects resilience, creativity, and the courage to challenge expectations. With their Black Violin Foundation reaching over 100,000 students each year, they're building a legacy that transcends the stage, inspiring a new generation to dream boldly. Join them for an unforgettable experience that celebrates growth, music, and the beauty of coming full circle.

We look forward to welcoming students to this dynamic musical performance which will excite and inspire middle and high schoolers throughout the 60-minute production. Our hope is that your scholars leave with a greater understanding of music, fusion, and the possibilities of composing something new through creative expression.

Children's Education Program Performing Arts Fort Worth

About Black Violin

Kev Marcus (top right) began playing violin at age 9, with the encouragement of his mother. He and Wil Baptiste met while attending the famed Dillard High School of the Performing Arts in Fort Lauderdale, Florida where they were trained in the classical tradition. During their class and practice time they developed firm classic techniques and in free time listened to hip hop and rhythm and blues.





Wil Baptiste (bottom left) immigrated to the United States from the Bahamas with his family at the age of 11. He hoped to join the school band to play saxophone, but accidentally was placed in the string program. He grew to love the viola and mastered it as well as the trumpet, drums and bass guitar.



Black Violin was born when Marcus heard the music of violinist Stuff Smith, considered to be the first violinist to use electrical amplification techniques on a violin. His professor sat him down at a lesson and told him to listen. Marcus said Smith's music was "unbelievable", saying "classical violin with soul and fire. I loved it." He passed the music on to Wil Baptiste and together they decided to form a band, calling it Black Violin, named after Smith's eponymous soulful solo album. Inspired by Smith's music, the two realized that they could synthesize all the styles they loved: classical, jazz, R&B, hiphop, and even reggae and gypsy music.

Along with their DJ - DJ SPS, drummer — Nat Stokes, and keyboardist - Liston Gregory, Kev and Wil have created the ultimate synergy between Classical and Hip- Hop music, and through it an incredible opportunity to reach young children.



Among their achievements Black Violin clinched the Showtime at the Apollo 2005 Legend title, performed on the same bill with some of the industry's biggest artists and performed at the official President's Inaugural Ball in 2013. In addition, Black Violin has composed for a major FOX Television original *Pitch*, and has been featured by ESPN as the official artist of the 2017 US Open (tennis) and 2016 & 2017 Heisman Trophy Award ceremonies. They have been featured on *The Tonight Show, The Today Show, Ellen, The Wendy William's Show,* NPR, and more. The two are also avid producers and writers, and have released four albums of original music: *Black Violin* (2007), *Classically Trained* (2013), *Stereotypes* (2015), *Take the Stairs* (2019), and *Full Circle* (2025). They also have a debut holiday album, *Give Thanks* that was released in November of 2020. The band has earned a Grammy Award nomination for "Best Contemporary Instrumental Album" for Take the Stairs and a Grammy Award nomination for "Best Americana Performance" for their track "The Message" in collaboration with the band The Blind Boys of Alabama.



One of Black Violin's most well-known works, "Brandenburg", "quotes" J.S. Bach's Brandenburg Concerto no. 3 movement 1, one of six works widely held as the most influential and finest compositions of the Baroque period. (In jazz, performers "quote" musical material by using melodies and ideas from other artists as the basis for their interpretation.) In 1721, Bach presented a series of six concerti to the Margrave of Brandenburg, who then put these great works on the shelf where they sat until the 19thcentury. Bach wrote each concerto, often requiring virtuosos to play the solos, for a different combination of instruments. No.3 was composed for three violins, three violas, three cellos, and basso continuo, while No. 6 does not use a violin at all!

"Dirty Orchestra" utilizes fugues and counterpoints to create a musical narrative.. A fugue is a composition tool in which one instrument plays a short melody, then another instrument echoes the pieces, then another echoes, and so on, with all parts interweaving into each other. Counterpoints in music are two corresponding melodies that are played at the same time. "Gypsy" takes its cue in the Romani musical tradition that has influenced classical music since Bach and Haydn, and particularly Liszt, Dvorak, and Bartok. In turn, the local musical traditions influenced the music and style of the Roma (gypsies) living there. For example, in Spain, they are known for Flamenco. The Roma are a nomadic people, originally from India, and have migrated westward for the past two thousand years (they picked up the name "gypsy" in the 1500's because it was believed they were from Egypt.) Romani music is most associated with the violin, incorporating changes in tempo, slides in notes and pitches, energy and soul.



Gypsy man playing a violin, Saintes-Maries-dela-Mer, France (1936-39)

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What to Expect

Wil Baptiste and Kev Marcus collaborate with DJ SPS, drummer Nat Stokes, and keyboardist Liston Gregory to create their signature multi-genre sound. Audiences will recognize elements of songs by artists from Puccini to the Temptations, from Imagine Dragons to Johann Sebastian Bach. DJ's like DJSPS cut and loop beats to recreate music. They also pause, scratch, backspin, speed up or slowdown, and/or delay the music. In its simplest form cutting would involve cutting a few bars of the beat and looping it to create a continuous sound.



Glossary



Hip-hop music - a musical genre that began in the South Bronx of New York City in the 1970's. It is defined by four central stylistic elements: rapping, DJ-ing, sampling, and beatboxing.

Jazz a musical art form characterized by blue notes, syncopation, swing, call and response, polyrhythms, and improvisation. Originating in African- American communities in the early 20thcentury, jazz has been called "the first original art form" to develop in the United States of America.

Blues - a musical form created primarily within the African-American communities in the Deep South of the United States at the end of the 19th century from spirituals, work songs, field hollers, narrative ballads, shouts, and chants. The genre is characterized by specific chord progressions- most commonly a 12 bar progression.

Classical music - music, usually European and from the 18th or 19th centuries, following Western music traditions such as fugue and counterpoint.

Theme - a melody around which a musical composition is based.

Fugue - a composition tool in which one instrument plays a short melody then another instrument echoes the piece, then another echoes, and so on so that all parts interweave with each other.

Counterpoint - the relationship between two melodies in a piece of music that fit together harmoniously but have different rhythms.

Composer - a person who writes music.

Concerto - A form of music that features a solo instrument with an orchestra or other ensemble.

Melody - a series of notes that form a distinctive sequence.

Musical score - the written form of a musical composition.

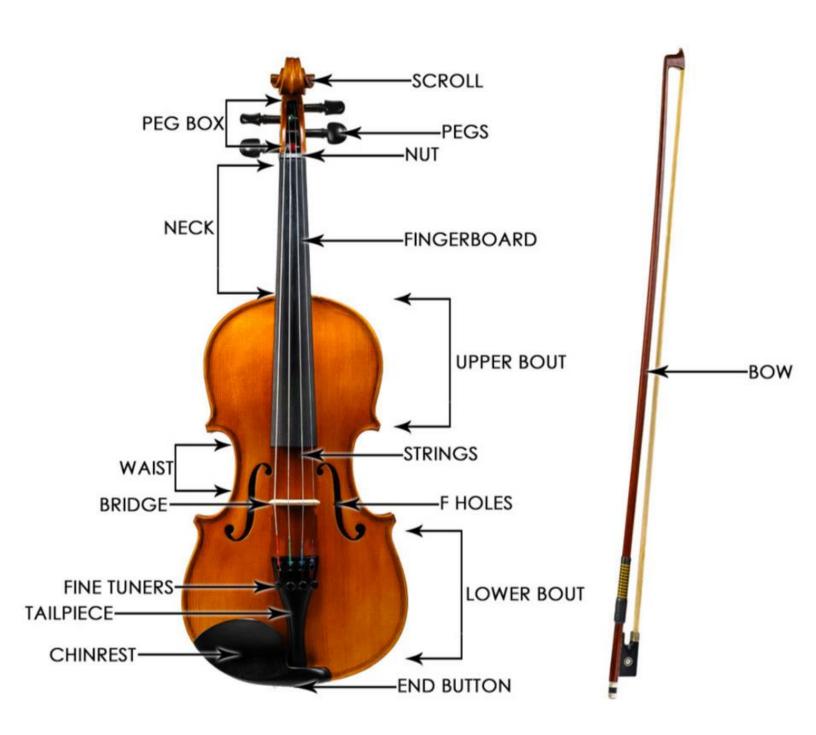
DJ - "Disc Jockey" someone who uses musical performance techniques, selects and plays music to accompany MCs/rappers, singers or in the case of Black Violin, other musicians.

Canon - A type of structure where a theme or melody is introduced, and later the same melody or a variation, is layered on top.

Ostinato – A stable and constant repeating rhythm.

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Anatomy of a Violin



Pre-Show Activities

Students will conduct research and write an informative essay on topics relating to the violin such as:

- History of the violin
- Explanation of how violins are made
- Explanation of how violins make sound
- Explanation of how the violin is played
- The importance of varnish on acoustic violins
- Influential violinists

Students will explore different genres, mix them up to create something new and write about what they did to change the genre:

- Choose a recognizable piece of music that your students will know the lyrics to, such as "The Star-Spangled Banner" or "Believer" by Imagine Dragons.
- Ask the whole class to sing the chorus of the song through a few times.
- Then introduce different genres like Country, Opera, Jazz, Classical and ask the students to sing that same chorus but in the style or variation of that new genre.
- Have students write an explanation of what they did to change the genres.

Post-Show Activities

- Students will write an argumentative essay for or against combining different types of music, such as, but not limited to, classical and hiphop.
- Students will write an argumentative essay for or against their school being more involved in the arts(possible audience: principal/BOE/PTA). The essay should include the benefits of musical study.
- Students will write a narrative of their experience at the Black Violin Concert.
- From the perspective of the violin, write a creative narrative about "The Day in the Life of Wil Baptiste's Violin", using rich adjectives and verbs to describe sensory details, feelings and emotions.



Resources

Sources

The Information for this study guide was provided by Black Violin. For more information, visit: http://blackviolin.net

Violin Library

 Video of Brandenburg No. 3 (3rd Violin) Sheet Music BWV 1048 G Major: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PzGTVtVdNuY

International Center of Photography

• Photo of Gypsy Man Playing Violin by Tchiki Weiss: https://www.icp.org/browse/archive/objects/gypsy-man-playing-aviolin-saintes-maries-de-la-mer-france



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Angels In The Wings

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